

12

THE

MINISTRIES



TRADE



ENERGY



FINANCE



EDUCATION



HEALTH



JUSTICE



AGRICULTURE



INTERIOR



FOREIGN
AFFAIRS



TOURISM



BUSINESS AND
EMPLOYMENT



DEFENCE



**NANA
KWAME
BEDIAKO**

FOR PRESIDENT

THE DEFINING MOMENT OF OUR TIME

In every generation, there comes a moment when a collective vision, driven by courage and determination, has the power to shape the future for millions. Today, we stand at such a moment. The challenges we face in Ghana and across Africa are significant, but they are not insurmountable. Our country is rich with untapped potential, brimming with natural resources, cultural heritage, and, most importantly, the indomitable spirit of our people.

Our greatest asset lies not just in the abundance of our natural resources, but in our ability to self-industrialize – to transform these resources into national wealth, fuelling an economic revolution that promises immediate balance and widespread middle-class prosperity. This is no small task; it is a challenge that has eluded many before me, often deemed unsolvable. Yet, in this moment, we face an undeniable decision that must be met with courage and wisdom. Talking is no longer an option; action is imperative, and it must be swift.

In a country where the thief comes only to steal, kill, and destroy, we stand resolute with a higher purpose: to build our nation and restore our rightful heritage. This policy is not just a vision; it is a call to action – a blueprint for a future where Ghana reclaims its place on the global stage, not as a country rich in untapped potential, but as a beacon of prosperity and progress. Let us embrace this challenge with the urgency it demands, for the time to act is now!

Nana Kwame Bediako


12

THE

PILLARS

FOR

ECONOMIC FREEDOM



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A BREAKDOWN OF THE POLICIES FOR THE NEW GHANA



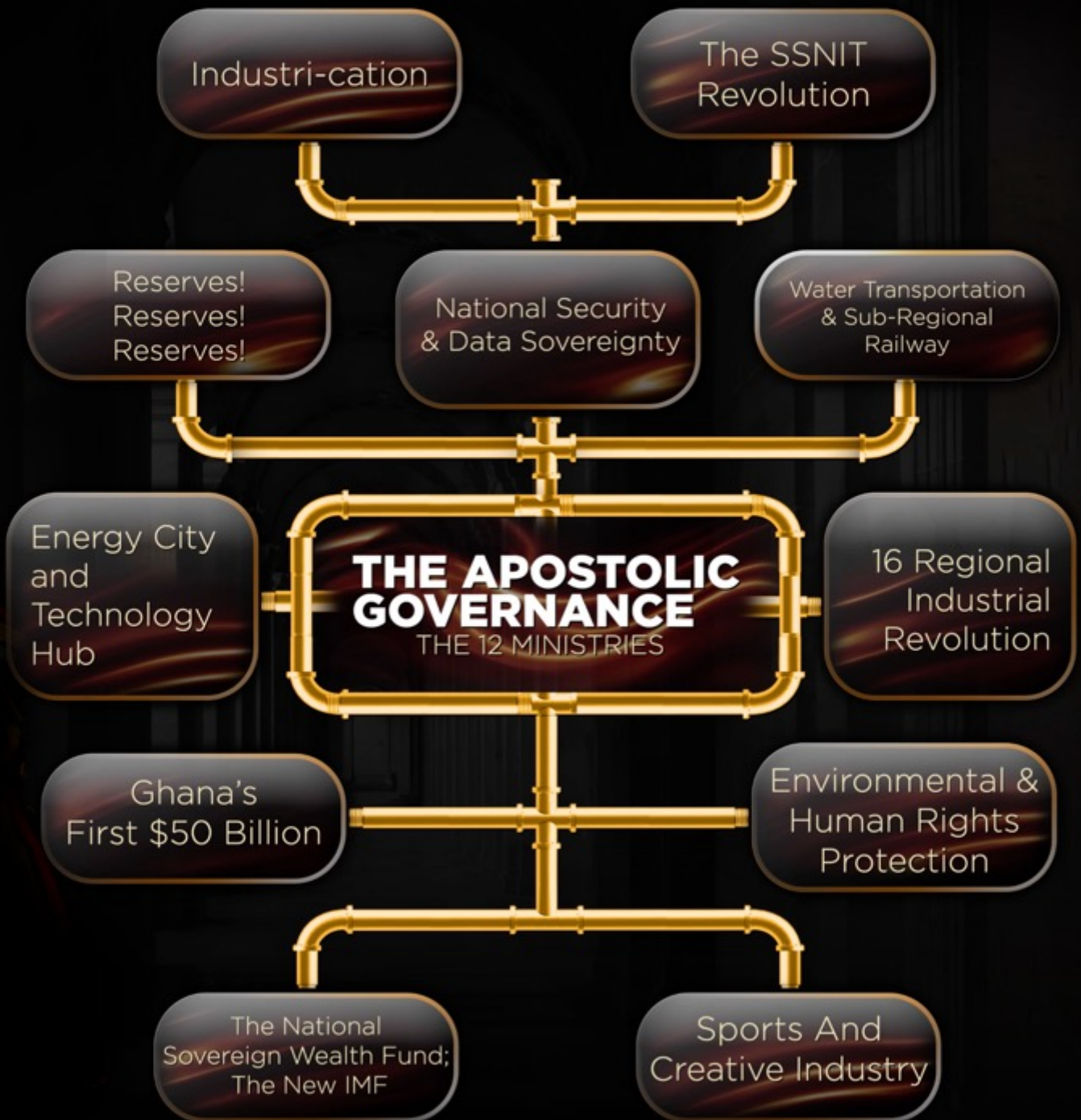


TABLE OF CONTENT

Pillar 1: The 16 Regional Industrial Revolution

- The Nation Builder
- The Revenue Generator
- The Job Creator
- 16 Regional CEOs

Pillar 2: Ghana's First Water Transportation And Sub-Regional Railway

- Irrigation And Purification
- Leisure Travel
- Sub-Regional Railway

Pillar 3: Energy City And Technology Hub

- Consolidation of Energy Sources
- Nuclear Energy
- Technology Hub
- Software Development

Pillar 4: Reserves! Reserves! Reserves!

- Gold Reserves
- Agro Reserves
- Oil Reserves
- Mineral Reserves
- "Tax Reserves"
- Printing Currency Locally

Pillar 5: National Sovereign Wealth Fund - The New IMF

Pillar 6: The SSNIT Revolution

- Health
- Education
- Accommodation

Pillar 7: “Industrication”

- Industrial Education
- Culture in Curriculum
- Mental Revolution

Pillar 8: Environmental & Human Rights Protection

Environmental Protection

- The New Environmental Protection Agency(EPA)
- Industrial-Scale Water Purification
- Investment and Collaboration

Human Rights Protection

- Right to Know the Truth
- Right to Privacy
- Legal Aid Directorate
- Voting Rights
- Civic Education

Pillar 9: The “Apostolic Governance”

- The 12 Ministries

Pillar 10: Raising Ghana’s First \$50 Billion

- Unifying Africa Through Ghana (Phase 1)
- Unifying Africa Through Ghana (Phase 2)
- Fund Allocation

Pillar 11: National Security And Data Sovereignty

- National Blockchain/Web3 Platform
- Increase National Defence Budget

Pillar 12: Sports And Creative Industry

- Sports
- Entertainment
- Introduction Of New Publishing Framework
- Arts And Fashion

WE EITHER
MOVE FORWARD UNITED
OR
STAND STILL SEPARATED



PILLAR 1

16 REGIONAL INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION

THE REBIRTH OF GHANA

Ghana is a country of unmatched resources, but for too long, we have wallowed in poverty while others dictate our worth and grab our wealth. The only way out of our predicament is to reclaim our resources and initiate bold and radical industrialization across the country. This is what successful countries have done since the 18th Century, and this is what we as a nation should have done many decades ago. But it is not too late. The New Force is here to put Ghana on the path of progress with the 16 Regional Industrial Revolution.

THE NATION BUILDER

The 16 Regional Industrial Revolution is our new nation builder. It is a revolutionary plan that activates fifteen regions of Ghana that have been dormant for the past five decades. Through our research, we have discovered that Ghana sits on **\$2.5 trillion worth of attributable mineral reserves**. Furthermore, our country has 13 million hectares of arable land. The New Force shall transform these reserves and arable lands into the fuel of growth by investing in manufacturing, processing, packaging and refining plants in all 16 regions of Ghana to process our mineral and agricultural resources like gold, bauxite, iron ore, cocoa, among others.

ATTRIBUTABLE RESOURCES

\$2.5 TRILLION

13 MILLION

HECTARES OF ARABLE LAND



PILLAR 1: 16 REGIONAL INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION



THE JOB CREATOR

It is a shame that Ghana is the second biggest producer of cocoa in the world; largest producer of gold in Africa; and an oil-producing country. Yet, we have not created the production, manufacturing and processing machinery to create jobs for our youths. No wonder the country is currently experiencing unprecedented brain drain. One of the key visions of the 16 Regional Industrial Revolution is to create **800,000 jobs annually** for Ghanaians, amounting up to **8 million jobs in a decade**.

WE CAN CREATE AT LEAST

800 000

HIGH PAYING JOBS A YEAR

AMOUNTING TO OVER

8 MILLION

JOBS WITHIN OUR DECADE-LONG PLAN.

[In ten years, we estimate a potential economic output of **\$4.7 trillion** given that all minerals and arable lands are harnessed]. This shall usher in an era where the youth of Ghana shall no longer dream of seeking greener pastures in foreign lands.

POTENTIAL ECONOMIC OUTPUT IN A DECADE

\$4.7 TRILLION



THE REVENUE GENERATOR

When young, energetic youths are in employment, unmatched revenue is generated. In effect, the 16 Regional Industrial Revolution is our **new revenue generator**. Our investment in processing, manufacturing, packaging and refining plants gives us the industrial power to transform our raw mineral and agricultural resources into high-value products that will give us exportation power.



PILLAR 1: 16 REGIONAL INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION



16 REGIONAL CEOs

The 16 Regional Industrial Revolution turns the 16 regional ministers into regional “CEOs” The goal is to end the redundancy of regional ministries and give the new CEOs actual executive functions that enable them to initiate projects in the regions, and most importantly supervise, evaluate and deliver.

The policy seeks to drive regional development through tailored solutions that address local needs.



This approach shall lead to more effective governance, increased economic growth, and ensure that regional prosperity directly benefits the people living there.

The 16 Regional Industrial Revolution is the blueprint for how successful, first world countries industrialised their economies. The New Force will implement that process and make Ghana the industrial powerhouse of Africa.





PILLAR 2

GHANA'S FIRST WATER TRANSPORTATION AND SUB-REGIONAL RAILWAY

For centuries, our ancestors used our rivers, streams and lakes to sustain themselves and their societies. And in developed countries, water bodies are an integral part of their transportation and distribution network. How come Ghana, with so many water bodies, has not been able to replicate what others have successfully achieved? Instead, we have allowed our water bodies to be polluted, especially by illegal mining, draining the life out of them. The New Force shall change this narrative with a bold move to dredge and connect our waterways.

You would not find any world-class country without nature-defying engineering as a key feature of their development. Egypt did it with the Suez Canal, and today it generates \$9.4 billion dollars for its economy.

Dredging and connecting our water bodies creates unlimited possibilities for us. We shall create inland harbours that facilitate the distribution of industrial goods across Ghana and beyond, making us the distribution giant of West Africa.

The Volta Lake, the largest man-made lake in the world, shall be the centre of this development, allowing us to create the largest distribution channel to transport industrial goods from our coast all the way to our neighbours at a lower cost.

A map of Ghana with several water transportation routes highlighted in yellow. The routes connect the Pra River to the Ofin River, the Tano and Oti rivers, and the Afram River to Lake Volta. The map also shows the Atlantic Ocean to the west and neighboring countries: Burkina Faso to the north, Benin to the northeast, and Togo to the east. The text is overlaid on the map.

WATER TRANSPORTATION OVERVIEW

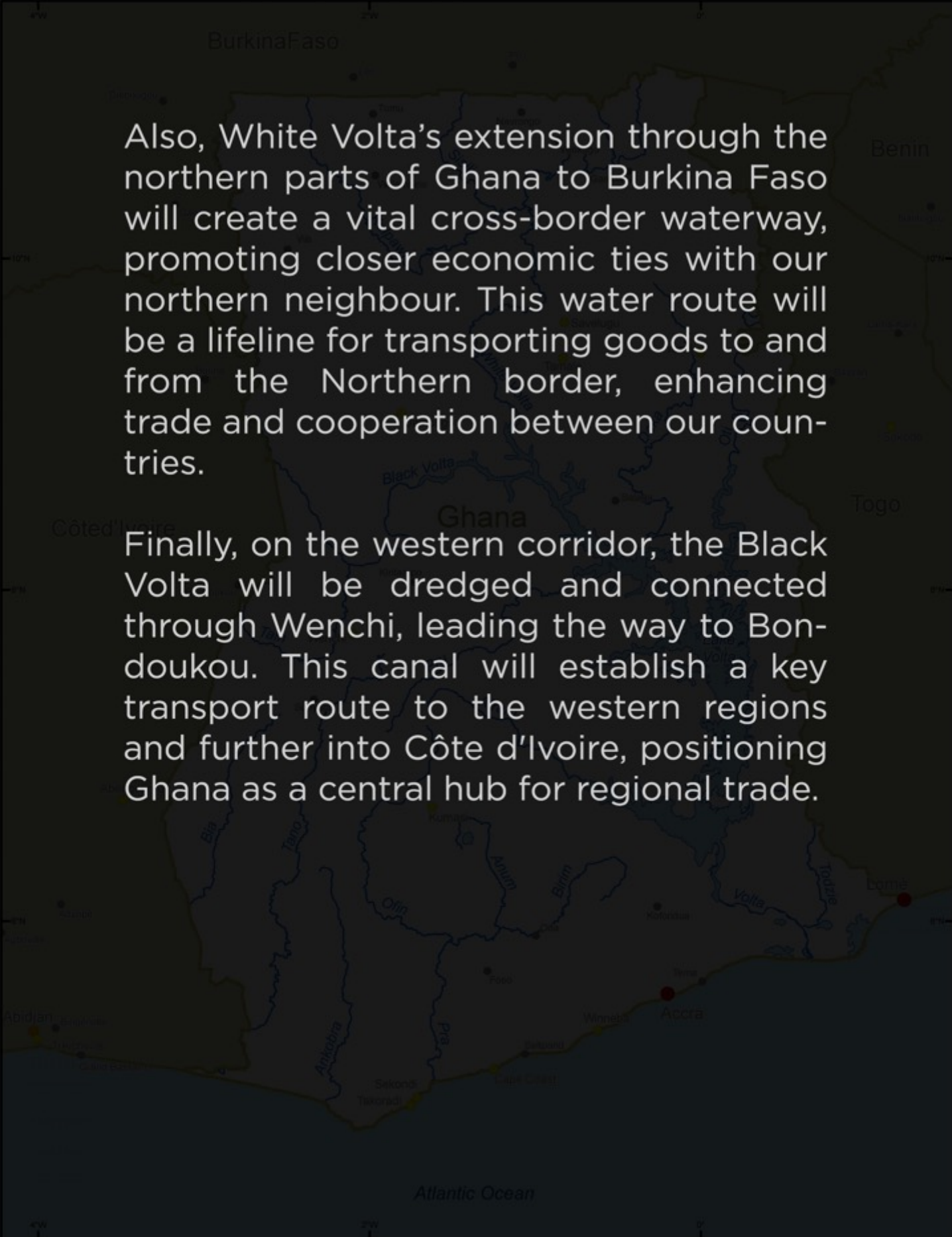
The dredging of the Pra River and its connection to the Ofin River will open up a crucial corridor for regional trade and mobility within Ghana, facilitating the movement of goods and humans across the heart of the country.

On the other hand, connection between the Tano and Oti rivers will establish a direct waterway link between the western and northern regions of Ghana. This canal will provide a strategic route for transporting agricultural produce, enhancing economic activity in these regions.

The Afram River's connection to Lake Volta will expand the existing water transport network, providing new opportunities for commerce and tourism. This canal will also help to better integrate the communities along the lake with the rest of the country.

- PILLAR 2: GHANA'S FIRST WATER TRANSPORTATION
- AND SUB-REGIONAL RAILWAY



A map of Ghana and its neighboring countries: Burkina Faso to the north, Benin to the northeast, Togo to the east, and Côte d'Ivoire to the west. The map highlights the White Volta river system flowing from the north into Ghana, and the Black Volta river system flowing from the west into Ghana. The Atlantic Ocean is visible at the bottom. The text is overlaid on the map.

Also, White Volta's extension through the northern parts of Ghana to Burkina Faso will create a vital cross-border waterway, promoting closer economic ties with our northern neighbour. This water route will be a lifeline for transporting goods to and from the Northern border, enhancing trade and cooperation between our countries.

Finally, on the western corridor, the Black Volta will be dredged and connected through Wenchi, leading the way to Bondoukou. This canal will establish a key transport route to the western regions and further into Côte d'Ivoire, positioning Ghana as a central hub for regional trade.

- PILLAR 2: GHANA'S FIRST WATER TRANSPORTATION
- AND SUB-REGIONAL RAILWAY



WATER CONNECTION

Volta Lake connecting from Afram to Ofin to Pra
to **SEKONDI TAKORADI**

Volta Lake connecting from Pru to Tano
to **COTED'IVOIRE**

Volta Lake connecting from ofin to Birim
to **KOFORIDUA**

Volta Lake connecting from Black Volta
to **WENCHI**

Volta Lake connecting from Oti
to **TOGO**

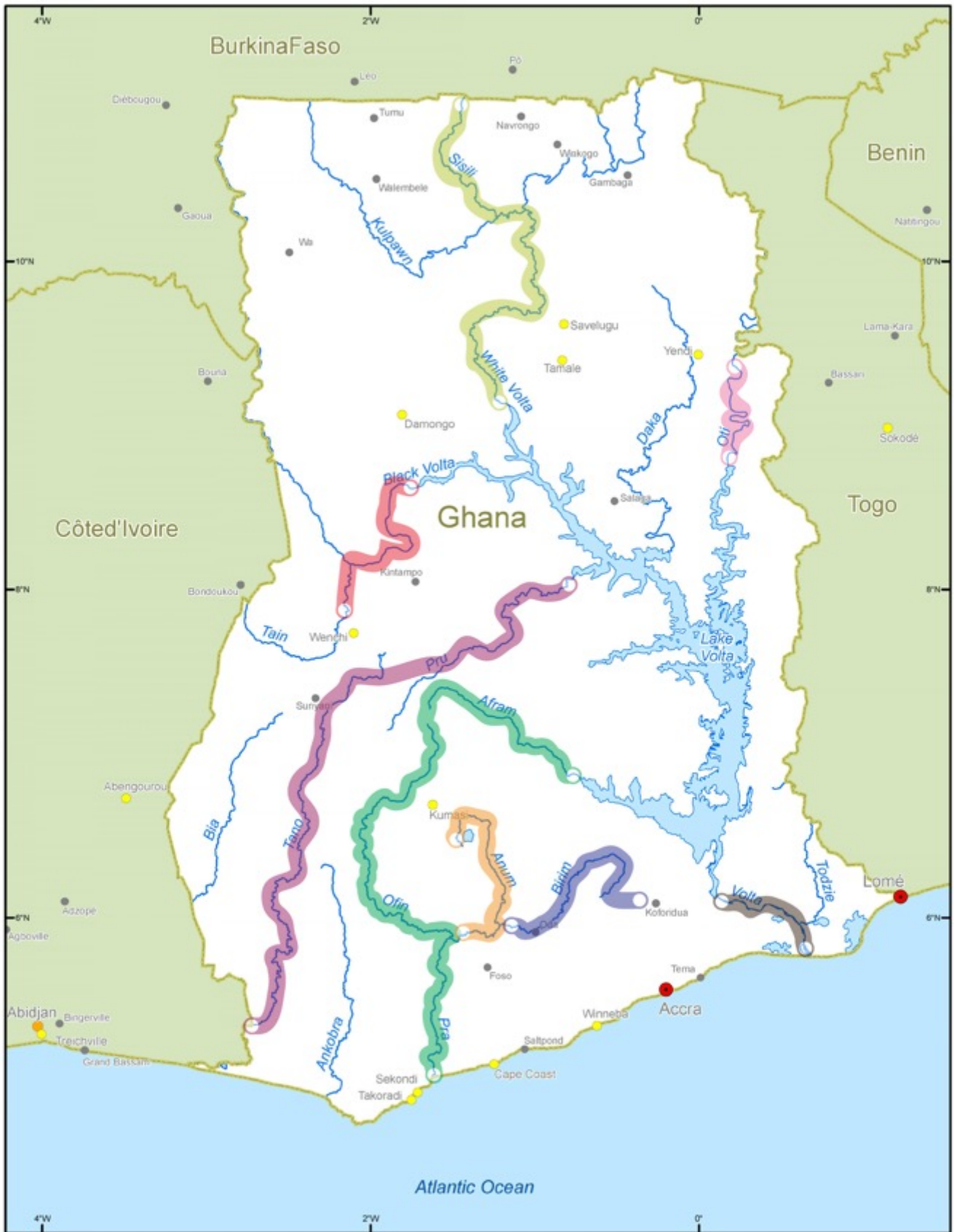
Volta Lake connecting from Pru to Tano
to **ATLANTIC OCEAN**

Volta Lake connecting from White Volta to Sisili
to **BURKINA FASO**

Volta Lake connecting from Black Volta
to **Wenchi**

- PILLAR 2: GHANA'S FIRST WATER TRANSPORTATION
- AND SUB-REGIONAL RAILWAY





- PILLAR 2: GHANA'S FIRST WATER TRANSPORTATION
- AND SUB-REGIONAL RAILWAY



IRRIGATION & PURIFICATION

In addition, dredging brings our water bodies closer to industrial farms for the development of industrial irrigation systems, leading to an exponential increment in crop yield. Industrial-scale purification also becomes possible and necessary, allowing us to supply clean water for industrial and domestic use.

- PILLAR 2: GHANA'S FIRST WATER TRANSPORTATION AND SUB-REGIONAL RAILWAY



LEISURE TRAVEL

We marvel at the ability of first world cities like Paris and London using their rivers for leisure travel. If they can do it with their few water bodies, why can't we do the same with our numerous water bodies?

Dredging and connecting our waterways open doors for leisure travel across the country by the use of ferries and cruise ships. This is an additional avenue for revenue generation for the country.





ACCRA
TAMALE

As
Pla



Iron Ore



Create a Steel Mill



Steel

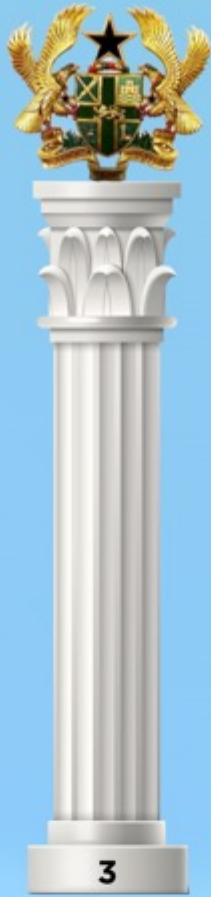


SUB-REGIONAL RAILWAY

To complement our water transportation, we shall use our iron ore deposits to create a steel mill that manufactures and fabricates steel for over 8000 km of railway, connecting the regions through to our borders: Togo, Burkina Faso and Ivory Coast.

It is expected that these three countries shall continue this railway project, thus creating a sub-regional railway connectivity for the distribution of goods and logistics within West Africa.

This gives us the power to introduce high-speed trains to enhance cross-border movement of people. A comprehensive water transportation and railway network should have been initiated many decades ago. The New Force shall implement it to put us in the league of well-developed and advanced countries.



PILLAR 3

ENERGY CITY & TECHNOLOGY HUB

There are many sources of energy that have powered industries in first world countries. In spite of our abundant resources, Ghana has stuck with hydro-electric power as its main source of energy for decades. This accounts for the shortfalls in our energy demands since hydro power alone cannot meet the growing population's energy needs.



CONSOLIDATION OF ENERGY SOURCES

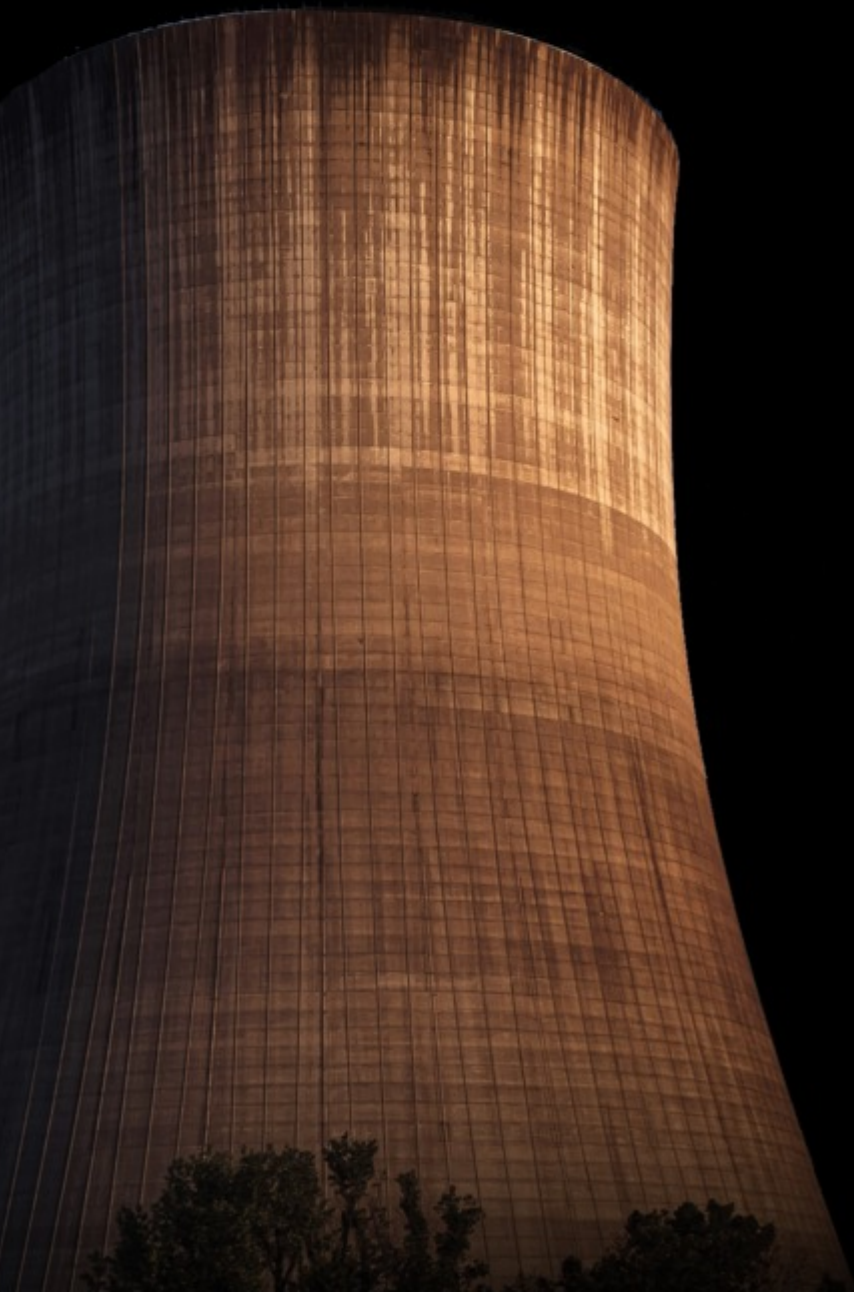
It is time to have a consolidation of different energy sources. We have had hydropower and thermal plants, however, for us to overcome the energy crisis we have for years grappled with, it is imperative that we expand our sources to include **solar farms, wind farms and biomass, all on an industrial scale.**

A mixture of these sources will give us a command on energy tariffs and make our country attractive to industrialists, while significantly reducing energy costs at commercial and domestic levels.





NUCLEAR ENERGY



NUCLEAR ENERGY

Our vision requires next-level power generation. We are on a continent where 640 million people do not have access to energy. This is why we plan to introduce West Africa's first Nuclear Power Plant.

We will leverage uranium supply from Niger and Namibia to build a nuclear power plant. Built on an industrial scale, the plant will give us the power to control the generation and distribution of nuclear energy across Africa.

This approach enhances our energy security and provides the foundation for a greener and more prosperous economy.



TECHNOLOGY HUB

We recognize that we need speed to execute the vision expressed in the Pillars above. Technology is Speed. This necessitates the diversification of the energy sources and the introduction of nuclear, to shoulder the coming data centres, an indispensable element of our vision. It is clear.

NO INDUSTRIALISATION,  NO DIGITALIZATION



DATA CENTRES

Africa Infrastructure Investment Managers (AIIM) says that the demand for data centres will exceed supply by 300% in a few years. We are determined to build data centres suitable for **crypto mining, coin minting, and asset tokenization**, in selected areas. This is particularly important in our vision as it places us strategically as Africa's gateway to the burgeoning multi-trillion dollar crypto industry. Not only that, it is also to support a cloud computing industry that is expected to spring out of our technology hub.



SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

Knowing that over 85% of our population is under the age of 50, we shall take a transformative leap to build a software hub that harnesses our youthful and dynamic workforce. Our vision is to participate in the global technology arena and lead it. We are plunging into the forefront of innovation with a strategic focus on Web3, artificial intelligence, and blockchain technology.



This creates a robust “patent reserve” to rival the technological giants of Israel and China, and set new benchmarks for innovation and excellence. The New Force shall not relinquish this opportunity to catalyse Ghana’s ascent as a global technology leader and ensure that our nation’s young minds are at the heart of a thriving, future-ready industry. Through visionary investments and strategic partnerships, we are building a software empire that embodies Ghana’s ambition, creativity, and leadership in the 21st century.

PILLAR 4

**RESERVES
RESERVES
RESERVES**



A country without reserves is like a city with broken walls. The 16 Regional Industrial Revolution is our pathway to extract and refine our mineral resources to create reserves that stabilise our currency, secure our energy, and supercharge industrial growth. Reserves are the backbone of economies. Reserves build stocks and feed industrial demands. Reserves give bargaining power. Reserves create economic stability. Reserves, reserves, reserves. The next pages detail our five pledges for Reserves:

GOLD RESERVES

AGRO RESERVES

OIL & GAS RESERVES

MINERAL RESERVES

“TAX RESERVES”



184

185

GOLD RESERVES

The Government's reluctance to invest in industrial platforms for mineral processing is a colossal missed opportunity. While countries like the United Arab Emirates, Qatar, and China have anchored their economies on their mineral reserves – particularly gold – Ghana remains stuck in the past. Take the British pound, for instance: it is underpinned by about **310.29 tons** of gold reserves, providing economic and currency stability. This is the kind of power we must grab for ourselves. Leveraging our gold reserves transforms Ghana into a powerhouse to attract investments and secure our financial future.



Our bold target is to amass

AT LEAST

200 Tons
OF GOLD IN RESERVES.

and we shall educate and equip young Ghanaians with the tools and knowledge to transition into large-scale, high-impact and environmentally-sustaining hard rock mining. **Gold is God's money, and we must reserve it right.**

AGRO RESERVES

The world is on the brink of a paradigm shift where food security eclipses the value of money. And in a world where food scarcity looms large, money is powerless if there is no food to buy. Ghana's vast arable lands present an opportunity to build the largest Seedlings Bank in West Africa.

Taking control of this important asset gives us the power to build a formidable seedling bank. This initiative ensures food security for the next century and creates reserves that fuel expansive cross-border plantations.

This strategic move places us at the forefront of Africa's agricultural revolution, allowing us to control vital preservative products and ensure a steady supply of food.

OIL & GAS RESERVES

Ghana has a lot of oil deposits but not oil reserves. Through the exploration of our oil deposits, we shall refine and store

HUNDREDS OF THOUSANDS

OF BARRELS PER DAY,

allowing us to accumulate

BILLIONS OF DOLLARS

IN OIL RESERVES

7 TRILLION CUBIC FEET OF GAS

IN A DECADE

PILLAR 4: RESERVES!
RESERVES!
RESERVES!



(The United States alone holds over 690 trillion cubic feet of gas stored for the next generation). With our oil reserves, we feed our industrial revolution, sustain our economy and have more than enough to supply Africa.

This strategy solidifies our energy dominance while leveraging advanced refining and petrochemical industries to dramatically boost export revenues, securing a prosperous future for generations to come.



PILLAR 4: RESERVES!
RESERVES!
RESERVES!



MINERAL RESERVES

The New Force shall ensure that Ghana fully controls, explores, extracts and refines its vast mineral deposits to store as reserves.

This gives us the power to trade them with our neighbours in return for uranium, cobalt etc.. to power our nuclear plants and technological developments, as indicated earlier.

Mineral reserves positions Ghana as an unrivalled force in the global mineral markets, where we dictate the worth of our own resources.

“TAX RESERVES”

EXCHANGE EQUIVALENT VALUE OF MINING AND OIL TAXES FOR MINERALS

This policy is driven by the goal of building a strategic reserve of valuable commodities like gold, oil, and diamonds, rather than merely collecting taxes on profits from mining and oil companies. We aim to increase national wealth and improve economic security. This approach allows us to quantify the true value of our mineral wealth and understand how much has been lost to foreign entities over the years.



PRINTING CURRENCY LOCALLY

It is time to bring the printing of our currency home. Printing currency notes domestically is a critical step for Ghana as we seek to assert our economic sovereignty and secure our financial independence. This position will reduce costs, improve security, and enhance our control over the monetary supply, and all essential elements for maintaining a stable and prosperous economy.

The costs associated with importing currency, including transportation, tariffs, and potential foreign exchange losses, represent a significant drain on national resources. This importation contributes to the suppression of our currency and its buying power thereon. Our country's monetary policy should therefore be aligned with national interests, not those of external actors such as De La Rue, a foreign company that has been printing for us for years.

Domestic currency production will offer us the opportunity to capitalise on the profits generated through seigniorage (the difference between the face value of our currency and the cost of producing it). Most crucially, printing currency internally will enable us to respond more quickly and effectively to financial crises by having the ability to inject liquidity into the economy as needed. Without this capacity, we will remain at the mercy of external forces, unable to fully control our economic destiny.



PILLAR 5

NATIONAL SOVEREIGN WEALTH FUND

THE NEW IMF

NATIONAL SOVEREIGN WEALTH FUND

THE NEW **IMF**

Since independence, our reliance on international financial institutions like the World Bank and the International Monetary Fund (IMF) has come at a significant cost, often in the form of restrictive conditions and austerity measures that have undermined our economic sovereignty. To reclaim control over our economic future, we are launching the National Sovereign Wealth Fund (NSWF)—a transformative initiative designed to secure true economic independence for Ghana.

The NSWF is far more than a financial instrument; it is a strategic National Trust Fund aimed at harnessing Ghana's vast natural resources to build a self-reliant, prosperous, and resilient economy.



By tapping into our reserves of gold, oil, and other valuable minerals, the fund will provide the critical capital needed to fuel national investment and development, significantly reduce our dependence on foreign aid, and create a sustainable economic future for all Ghanaians.

The NSWF will accumulate reserves from our oil, gold, and agro-processing sectors, constructing a well-diversified and profitable investment portfolio. Also, this portfolio will be meticulously managed to ensure consistent returns and serve as Ghana's financial bulwark during times of crisis.

Unlike the short-term relief provided by the IMF, which we have turned to 17 times since independence without achieving lasting stability, the NSWF will offer a sustainable, home-grown solution.

Norway, a country with a population comparable to that of Accra, has a Sovereign Wealth Fund that generates profits (\$213 billion) three times the size of Ghana's GDP. This is the model of foresight and economic prudence we must aspire to. It is time for Ghana to break free from the cycle of external dependency and seize the opportunity to shape our own economic destiny.

The NSWF will be established as an autonomous entity, governed by a robust framework that guarantees its independence from political influence and its commitment to international best practices in financial management.

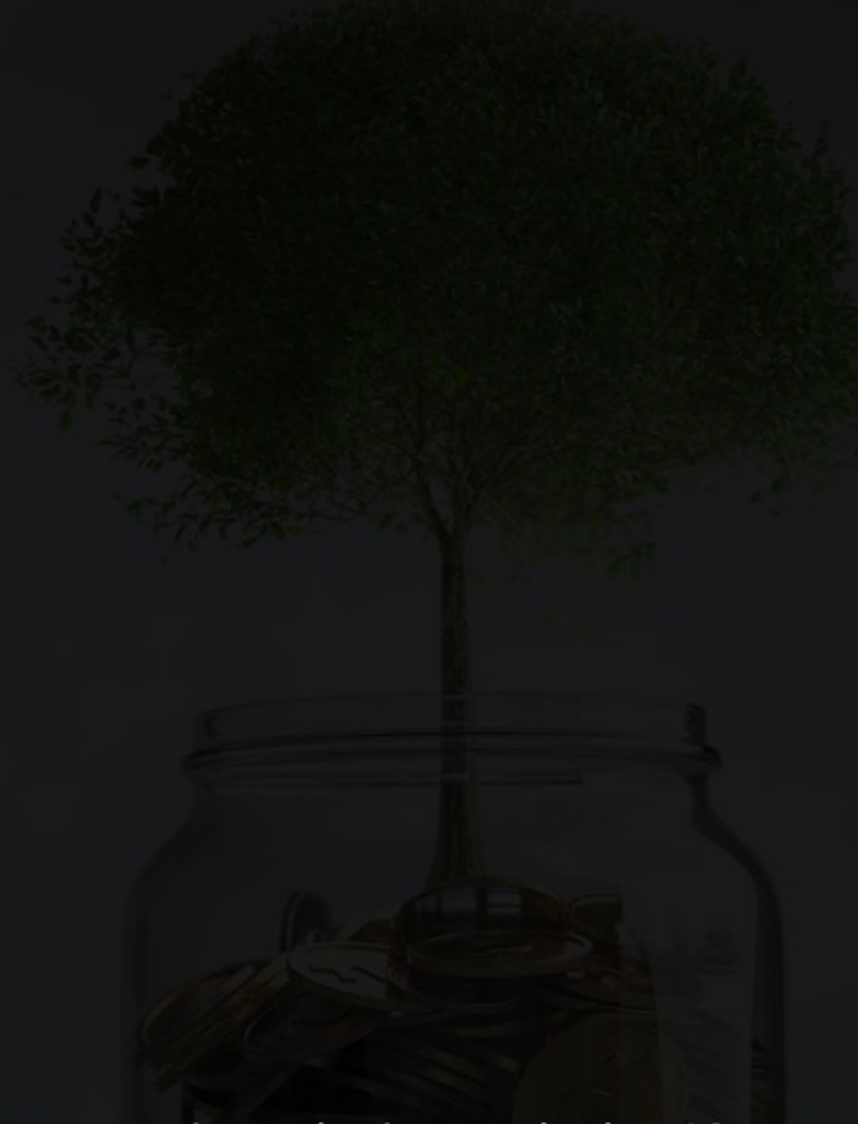
This fund will become a sovereign financial powerhouse, setting the stage for Ghana's journey towards true economic autonomy and long-term prosperity.



PILLAR 6

SSNIT REVOLUTION

The SSNIT Revolution is the transformation of SSNIT into a versatile insurance fund. But this is not just a social security reform. It will generate substantial market capital that will attract investors in social housing, healthcare, and education.



What we are introducing ends the 40-year waiting period. **NO LONG WAIT. CLAIM IN 5 YEARS.** Under this new model, SSNIT contributors will be able to access their benefits after just five years of contributions, with the option to roll over their benefits for greater security. As contributors make claims for these essential services, a steady demand for these sectors will be created, guaranteeing a reliable offtake for investors. This will spur economic development and enhance the quality of life for all Ghanaians, creating a virtuous cycle of prosperity and well-being.

HEALTHCARE

Health is a lifelong concern, and the SSNIT transformation will address this by offering comprehensive health insurance coverage. Contributors will be able to access their SSNIT funds to cover medical expenses for themselves and their dependents, ensuring that quality healthcare is available when it is most needed. It is a “Cure me First, Bill me Later” health system.

**CURE ME FIRST,
BILL ME LATER**

EDUCATION

Education is not just a personal investment but a national one. To support lifelong learning and the education of dependents, the revamped SSNIT will allow contributors to use their funds to cover educational expenses. Whether it's for primary education, higher education, or vocational training, contributors can draw on their SSNIT accounts to finance their educational pursuits. This ensures that financial barriers do not stand in the way of personal and professional development, fostering a more educated and skilled workforce for Ghana's future.




PILLAR 6: SSNIT REVOLUTION

ACCOMMODATION

Stable and secure housing is a fundamental need that does not disappear with age. Currently, Ghana faces a housing deficit of close to **2 million**. The new SSNIT model will make it possible for contributors to access funds for housing-related expenses, primarily, payment of rent. By providing this flexibility, we are ensuring that all Ghanaians have the opportunity to secure safe and comfortable living conditions, both before and after retirement.



A hand is shown using a hand saw to cut a piece of wood. The saw is positioned diagonally across the wood, and the hand is holding the handle. The background is dark and out of focus, showing some mechanical parts.

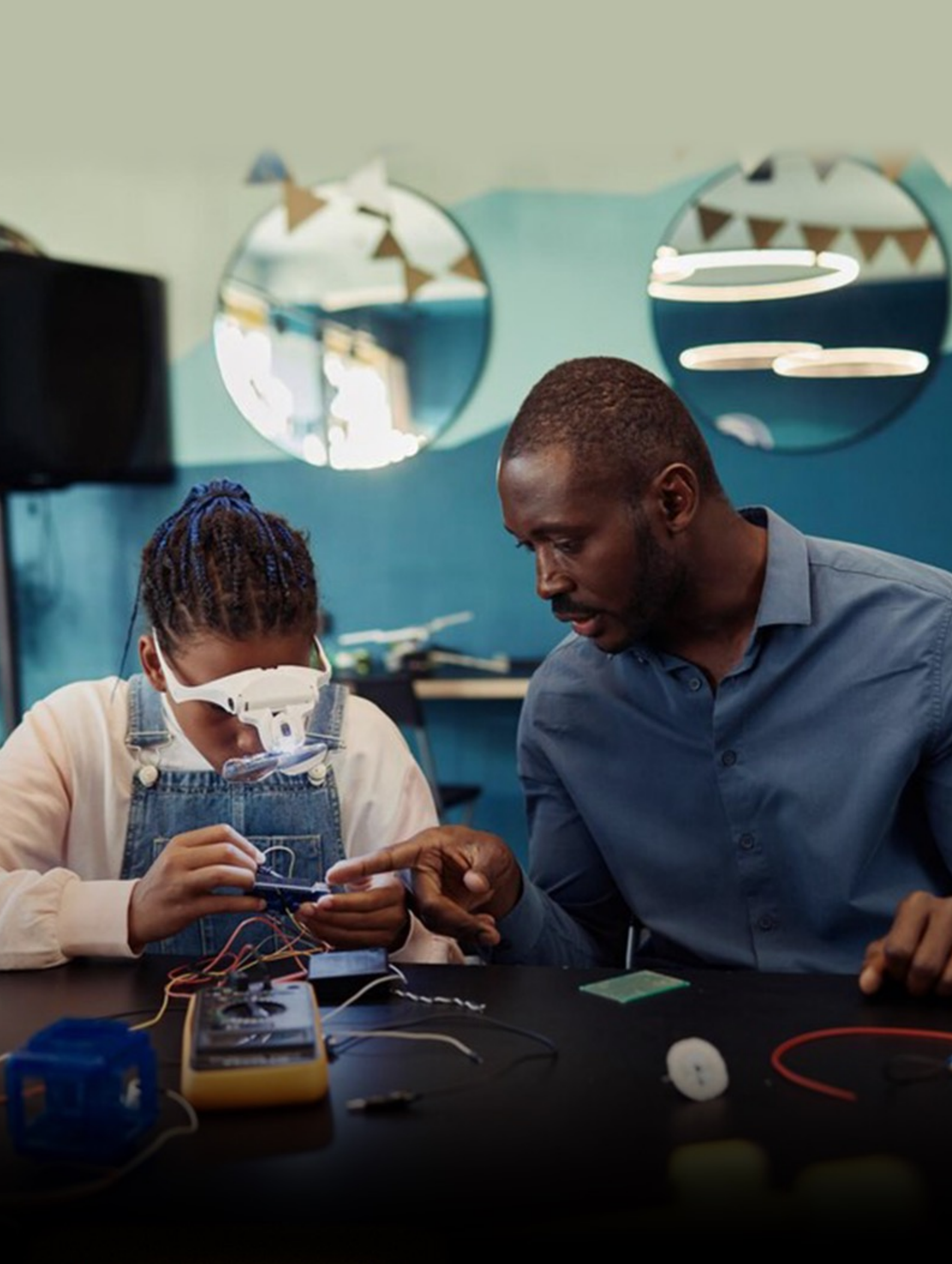
PILLAR 7

“INDUSTRICATION”

INDUSTRIALISATION + EDUCATION



Over the years, Ghana has failed to merge its industrial ambitions with education. This has resulted in a situation where the vast majority of citizens do not have industrial and entrepreneurial skills. And because there are no industries and enterprises, a large number of our youths are seeking greener pastures elsewhere, with only about five percent of their gains coming to Ghana while the remainder go to the governments of western countries. This is a serious situation that must be reversed.



INDUSTRIAL EDUCATION

The New Force is here to enforce this change by introducing the policy of Industrication, the merger of education and industrialization that lets the average citizen learn about our resources and their values.

This gives birth to a generation of industrialists, entrepreneurs and economists who shall determine the future of our country and continent.

CULTURE IN CURRICULUM

Our education system has been hijacked by Western ideals, leaving our culture plundered and our graduates yearning for opportunities abroad instead of travelling to Takoradi, Bere-kum, and Obuasi to industrialise our resources. This must change.

The New Force shall launch a radical overhaul of the educational system by infusing it with the richness of our own culture, rekindling a sense of pride in the Ghanaian identity.

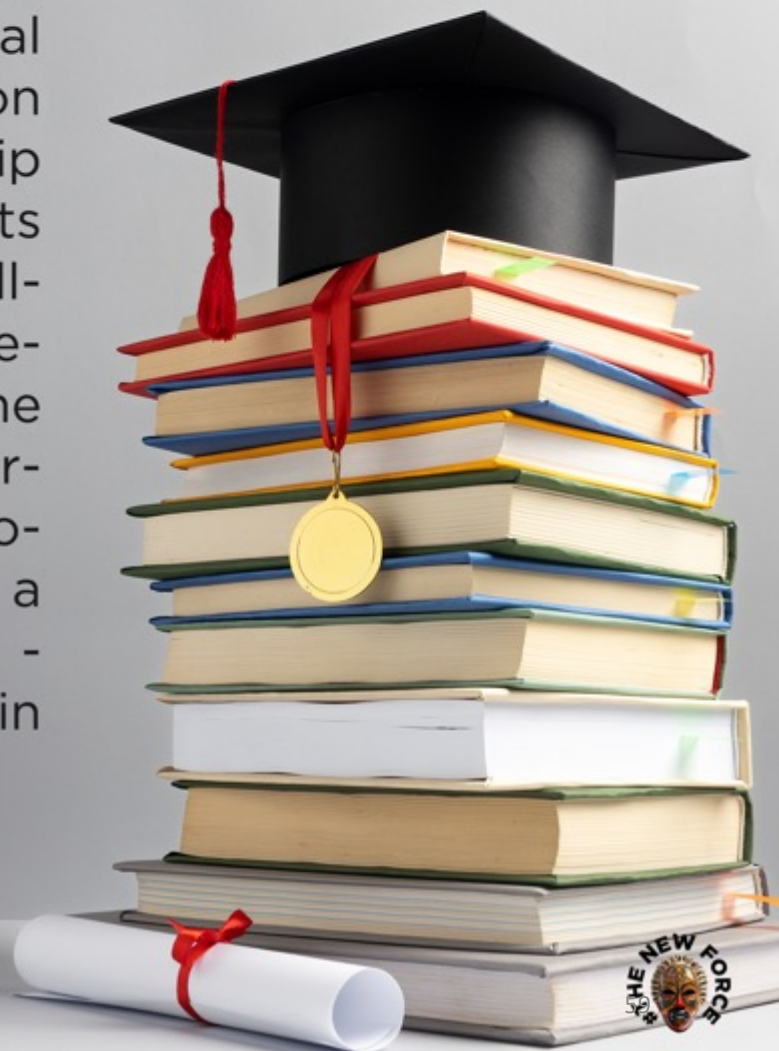


MENTAL REVOLUTION

Ghana as a nation has adopted a personality but lacks the mentality to match it.

Our policy of Industrialisation changes and revamp the national curriculum to prioritise critical thinking, emotional intelligence and problem-solving skills.

The new curriculum shall emphasise experiential learning, civic education and entrepreneurship while integrating subjects that promote mental well-being and social awareness. Aside from this, the New Force seeks to nurture the attitude of patriotism, thus establishing a National Conscience - Ghana-first mentality in our young people.





PILLAR 8

ENVIRONMENTAL & HUMAN RIGHTS PROTECTION

In recent years, Ghana has witnessed a troubling escalation in threats against those who stand up for justice, transparency, and the protection of our natural resources.





The tragic death of investigative journalist Ahmed Suale, and the forced exile of others, as well as the rampant devastation caused by illegal mining, or "galamsey," are stark reminders of the critical challenges we face as a nation.

These events highlight a dangerous trend where those who dare to expose environmental degradation and human rights violations are increasingly targeted, creating a climate of fear and impunity.

This cannot continue. Our nation's future depends on the health of our environment and the protection of fundamental human rights.

ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

When we reflect on what has transpired in our nation over the past decade, the situation is deeply disheartening.

Our water bodies have been polluted, our lands ravaged, and our crops decimated. Illegal mining activities have wreaked havoc on our environment, destroying farms and livelihoods.

Regrettably, agencies tasked with protecting and managing our environment have faced significant challenges in addressing these issues.

THE NEW ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA)

To build and sustain our national reserves, we must first protect our environment. The creation of substantial reserves is unachievable if our natural resources are continuously being depleted and damaged.

Introducing new systems and permits specifically designed to combat pollution and environmental destruction is paramount. This includes empowering the EPA with greater authority to enforce their mandate as well as supervise and hold other commissions accountable, ensuring they fulfil their responsibilities effectively.

WATER PURIFICATION

According to UNICEF, 76% of households in Ghana are at risk of consuming water contaminated with faecal matter.

While this statistic is alarming, it is not a lost cause. Implementing industrial-scale purification processes restores and protects our water bodies.

These advanced methods will ensure that all Ghanaians have access to clean and safe water for all their needs.



INVESTMENT AND COLLABORATION

We shall heavily fund cutting-edge research on sustainable practices, pollution reduction, and innovative resource management to safeguard our natural assets.

Partnerships with universities, research institutions, and industry leaders shall help to develop advanced technologies that combat environmental degradation and address our most pressing ecological challenges.

We owe it to ourselves and to future generations to take decisive action now, restoring the health of our environment and ensuring the sustainable management of our natural resources



HUMAN RIGHTS PROTECTION

Human rights protection is fundamental to the development and stability of any nation, and in Ghana, it is especially crucial given the country's commitment to democracy and the rule of law.

Upholding human rights ensures that every individual in Ghana is treated with dignity, equality, and respect, regardless of their background or status.

It also strengthens the nation's legal and institutional frameworks, promoting social justice and preventing abuses of power. In the next pages, we delineate steps we shall take to safeguard human rights of Ghanaians:



RIGHT TO KNOW THE TRUTH

Information is a key bedrock of nation-building. Every Ghanaian has the undeniable right to access accurate and reliable information. This is why the New Force firmly rejects the practice of political parties manipulating the media to propagate their own narratives. Such practices are detrimental to the development and unity of our nation.



When information is distorted or withheld, it breeds instability and hampers progress. It undermines the very foundations of our democracy and impedes our path to sustainable development. The New Force is committed to putting an end to this.

We shall ensure that all media outlets, whether state-owned or private, uphold the highest standards of truthfulness and integrity in their reporting. In doing so, we safeguard the right of every Ghanaian to be informed accurately.

TRUTH



RIGHT TO PRIVACY

With increased digital engagement comes the need for strict data protection measures. Enforcing General Data Protection Regulations (GDPR) is crucial in safeguarding the privacy and integrity of citizens' information.

This ensures that while people are free to express themselves, their personal data remains secure from misuse, cyber threats, or unauthorised surveillance.



LEGAL AID DIRECTORATE

As a policy position, all legal firms shall have quotas for pro bono cases, for the benefit of defendants who cannot afford legal representation.

This is in line with our goal to align human right practices in Ghana with the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

This allows Ghana to make significant progress in the international community, cementing our place at the precipice of peace, unity and freedom.



VOTING RIGHTS

In our current system, it is regrettably challenging for citizens who turn 18 to register with the Electoral Commission unless it is an election year. This situation is unacceptable, and we are committed to changing it. The right to vote is a fundamental aspect of our democracy, and it must be accessible at all times. Under our plan, it shall no longer matter whether it is an election year or not. The moment a citizen turns 18, there shall be clear mechanisms and processes in place to ensure they register as a voter without delay. This prevents the disenfranchisement of millions of eligible voters and ensures that every Ghanaian has the opportunity to participate in the decision-making process that shapes our nation.



CIVIC EDUCATION

Education is key in every democratic dispensation. We shall strengthen the National Commission for Civic Education (NCCE) to empower our citizens through education about their civil rights. The NCCE shall be tasked with ensuring that every Ghanaian understands their rights and responsibilities, enabling them to engage fully in our democratic processes.





PILLAR 9

**THE
“APOSTOLIC
GOVERNANCE”**

THE “APOSTOLIC GOVERNANCE”

In recent years, Ghana has operated with an expansive governmental structure, featuring over 100 ministers tasked with overseeing various sectors of governance. While the intent behind this system may have been to ensure that every critical area received adequate attention, it has instead resulted in administrative inefficiency, high costs, and diluted accountability.

To address the challenges of large government size, we shall introduce the “Apostolic Governance”, One President and 12 ministers. This policy shall streamline government, transitioning from an oversized structure to a leaner and more efficient government.



12

THE

MINISTRIES



TRADE



ENERGY



FINANCE



EDUCATION



HEALTH



JUSTICE



AGRICULTURE



INTERIOR



FOREIGN
AFFAIRS



TOURISM



BUSINESS AND
EMPLOYMENT



DEFENCE



MINISTRY OF FINANCE

The Ministry of Finance shall be mandated to advance Ghana's financial sovereignty and sustainability through resource management, debt reduction, and investment-driven growth.

Its mandate includes collaborating with the National Sovereign Wealth Fund to maximise investment returns and secure long-term financial stability, building up mineral and oil reserves to reduce external debt reliance, and using investment profits to service existing debts, thereby enhancing fiscal autonomy and national wealth.



MINISTRY OF ENERGY

The Ministry of Energy shall be tasked with transforming Ghana into a leading energy and technology hub to power industrial growth. This includes

- spearheading the development of a nuclear power plant
- diversifying the energy sources with thermal, hydro, solar, and wind power
- establishing competitive energy tariffs to attract investment.

The Ministry shall also expand power plants, leverage energy reserves, and position Ghana as West Africa's largest petrochemical distributor.

Additionally, it shall promote the development of tech hubs, focusing on cutting-edge energy technologies to ensure Ghana's leadership in global energy and technology trends.



MINISTRY OF TRADE

The Ministry of Trade shall be tasked with positioning Ghana as a leading player in international trade by promoting industrialization, increasing exports, and driving regional economic integration.

Its mandate shall include transforming Ghana into a net exporter by focusing on value-added products across agriculture, manufacturing, and mining.

The Ministry shall capitalise on the African Continental Free Trade Area (AfCFTA) by boosting local industries' production and competitiveness and establishing a national supply pool to meet domestic and continental demands.

Trade shall be leveraged as a tool for economic growth, job creation, and wealth creation.



MINISTRY OF BUSINESS & EMPLOYMENT

The Ministry for Business and Employment will be tasked with driving Ghana's economic transformation through industrial development, mass job creation, and fostering entrepreneurship.

Together with the Ministry of Finance, The National Sovereign Wealth Fund and the Ministry of Trade, the Ministry of Business and Employment shall provide support systems for the 16 Regional Industrial Revolution, developing key industries in each region and creating **800,000 jobs** annually across all sectors.

The Ministry will be expected to build a foundation for creating

1 MILLION MILLIONAIRES

within a decade by supporting entrepreneurs through incubation programs, access to finance, and mentorship. This initiative shall stimulate investment, IPOs, and growth in the construction and real estate sectors.





MINISTRY OF JUSTICE

The Ministry of Justice shall undertake a strategic separation from the Attorney General's Department.

We firmly believe that the The Attorney General must remain independent in prosecutorial decisions.

It must be a position with a fixed term of office and statutory protections that prevents arbitrary removal.

On the other hand, the Minister of Justice will focus on protecting the people's rights and ensuring equitable access to justice.

It shall be the ministry responsible for human rights protection.



MINISTRY OF TOURISM

The Ministry of Tourism shall be tasked with developing West Africa's largest eco-park in Ghana, aiming to attract at least **60,000** visitors daily and generate over **\$1 million** in revenue.

Responsibilities will include planning and building world-class, eco-friendly parks that showcase Ghana's natural beauty and cultural heritage while adhering to international environmental standards.

The Ministry shall also implement strategies to drive revenue through entrance fees, eco-tours, educational programs, recreational activities, and private sector partnerships. It shall spearhead the 16 Regional Multi-disciplinary sports academies.

Lastly, it shall play a pivotal role in the introduction of the Publishing Act which seeks to protect creatives, music software, bloggers and influencers. (Ref. Pillar 12)



MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE

Our plan in Agriculture is to harness our 13 million hectares of arable land. The potentially trillion dollar agro-industry we sit on as a country shall be in the hands of this Ministry.

It shall be responsible for the mega irrigation project throughout the country, and the establishment of West Africa's biggest seedlings bank. The Ministry of Agriculture shall collaborate with the Sovereign Wealth Fund and the Ministry of Energy in the processing of petrochemicals into locally-produced fertilisers for our farmers.

It shall lead Ghana's agricultural renaissance by ensuring food security, promoting agro-industrialization, and empowering farmers. Its mandate includes creating a National Seedlings Bank to ensure food security for 100 years, managing livestock and agro-reserves to stabilise food supplies and prices, and implementing policies to increase production and reduced post-harvest losses.

Additionally, the Ministry shall expand and modernise irrigation systems to enhance year-round productivity and reduce reliance on rainfall, particularly in land-locked regions.



MINISTRY OF DEFENCE

The Ministry of Defence shall be mandated to transform the Ghana Armed Forces into a dynamic force that not only safeguards the nation but also contributes to national industrialization.

Key mandates include engaging the military in construction, infrastructure, and manufacturing projects; establishing military-led production units for essential goods; and developing leaders skilled in both defence and industrial management to drive economic growth and self-reliance.



MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

The Ministry of Education shall lead a transformative overhaul of Ghana's education system to align with the needs of a resource-rich, industrialising economy.

This includes industrial education reform to equip students with practical skills for modern industries, de-westernizing curricula to emphasise Ghana's cultural heritage, integrating entrepreneurship into education to foster innovation, and implementing strategies to retain intellectual talent.

The Ministry shall support the New SSNIT's (Ref. Pillar 6) education insurance initiative to ensure equitable access to quality education.



MINISTRY OF HEALTH

The Ministry of Health shall be mandated to transform healthcare in Ghana to make it affordable and accessible to all.

Its mandate includes collaborating with the revamped SSNIT to enable contributors to claim health insurance after five years, ensuring immediate treatment without upfront costs.

This “Cure me First, Bill me Later” model prioritises health over finances, providing guaranteed payment to healthcare providers.

Additionally, the new SSNIT healthcare system shall be open to all residents who can contribute, democratising insurance and reducing the strain on the national health budget.

**CURE ME FIRST,
BILL ME LATER**





MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs shall revitalise Ghana's global engagements to boost its status as an African economic powerhouse.

It shall ensure that Ghana has less foreign influence and more international commercial relationships – Collaboration, not Exploitation.

The Ministry in collaboration with the Ministry of Interior shall spearhead the Citizenship by Investment Package (Raising Ghana's First \$50 billion - Ref. Pillar 10). The Ministry shall also focus on regional economic integration to modernise Ghana's economy.

Lastly, the Ministry shall restructure ambassadorial assignments to enhance their effectiveness in advancing Ghana's economic interests and relationship with other African countries.



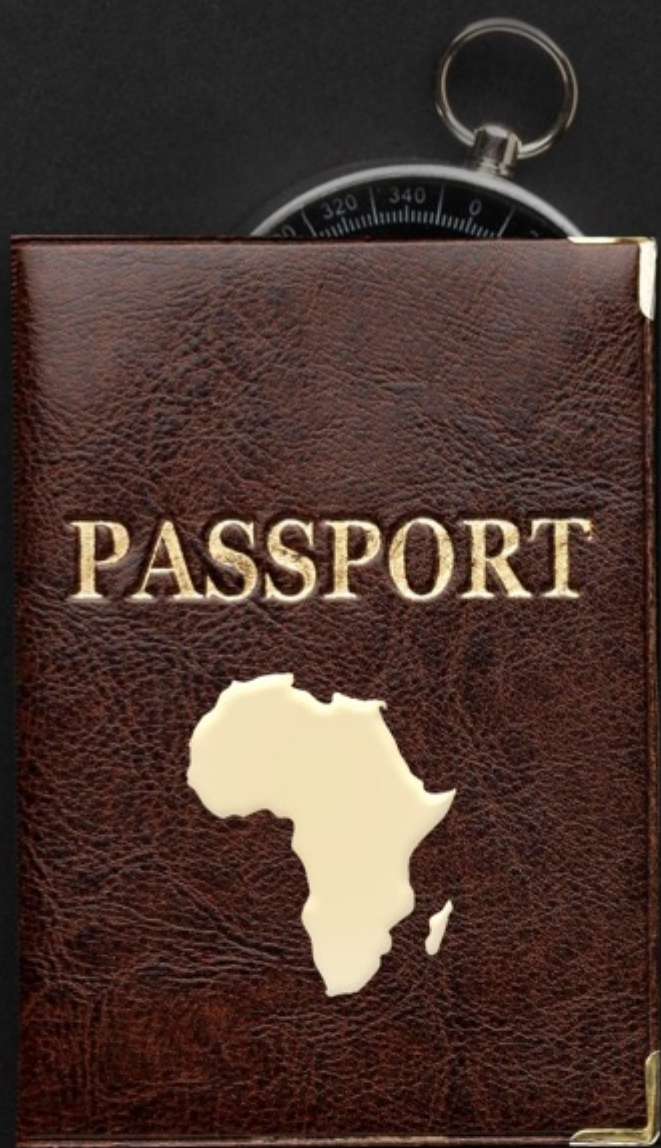


MINISTRY OF INTERIOR

The Ministry of Interior shall ameliorate Ghana's internal security and public safety by implementing merit-based recruitment processes for all security agencies, including the Police, Fire Service, Immigration, and Prison Service.

This includes establishing transparent recruitment guidelines, standardising testing and evaluations, and reviewing salary structures and benefits to ensure they are competitive and equitable.

These measures aim to improve recruitment integrity and reduce corruption within the security services.



PILLAR 10

RAISING GHANA'S FIRST \$50 BILLION

With the implementation of the 16 Regional Industrial Revolution Ghana will become the most investor-friendly country. Ghana is the first country to gain independence in sub-saharan Africa, and we are as yet well-positioned to lead Africa's paradigm shift toward industrialization. Based on this, the New Force, Africa's fastest growing political movement is introducing Ghana's citizenship-by-investment package.

UNIFYING AFRICA THROUGH GHANA

PHASE 1

In Phase 1, we aim to raise

\$50 Billion

from at least **1 million** participants, each acquiring the Ghanaian passport in exchange for a **\$50,000** investment. We expect an oversubscription of this initiative given the fruition of the vision communicated in previous pillars.

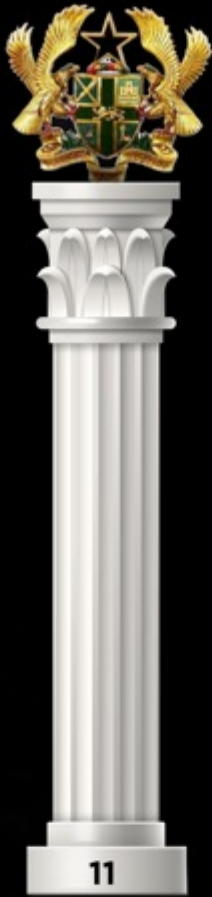
UNIFYING AFRICA THROUGH GHANA

PHASE 2

In Phase two, we plan to invite a fraction of the 250 million people in the world with African descent to partake in the citizenship program. This will be twice as big as phase one. But, first things first.

That notwithstanding, the vision is not just about the money. The grand agenda is the Unification of the entire African continent. This is the beginning of a borderless African continent paving the way for African unity.





PILLAR 11

NATIONAL SECURITY AND DATA SOVEREIGNTY

In an era where data security and transparency are critical for effective governance, the adoption of advanced technologies is essential. Recent incidents of data breaches in various sectors, including the case of Optus where 10 million personal details were exposed, emphasise the need for robust solutions to protect sensitive information. To address these challenges, we are introducing two key initiatives:



NATIONAL BLOCKCHAIN/ WEB3 PLATFORM

We are introducing this initiative to enhance transparency and security in government operations. All essential government processes and online activities shall be migrated to a blockchain infrastructure that is immutable and accessible only to authorised personnel.



This platform will securely store vital records including birth and death certificates, academic credentials, national reserves and stocks of commodities (NSWF), records of attributable mineral deposits, and health records etc. It will be the primary management system for all procurement processes. This approach is designed to also eliminate fraud and corruption.



INCREASE NATIONAL DEFENCE BUDGET

Allocating significant funds to our security and intelligence agencies improves inter-regional security through the use of advanced technology like surveillance systems.

This gives us a significant advantage in our fight against the challenges of our time such as illegal mining, terrorism, drug trafficking, among others.





PILLAR 12

SPORTS AND CREATIVE INDUSTRY

Our country has long been celebrated for its abundant talent in sports, fashion and entertainment, yet the nation's infrastructure and support systems have struggled to keep pace with the evolving global landscape. To address these challenges, our policy introduces a multi-faceted approach aimed at building the necessary infrastructure to support sports and creative industry as contributors to national development.

SPORTS

We are investing in multi-functional sport academies in every region to serve as a hub for young talent across a variety of sports, including football, boxing, athletics, and more.

This approach attracts partners and investors to build educational facilities in every region to discover and harness talents in academia and sports.

SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAMS

In addition, we shall establish scholarships for young talented children to provide financial support and ensure that they have access to the best training, education, and development opportunities.



ENTERTAINMENT

BUILDING A WORLD CLASS STUDIO:

Building a Hollywood-standard film studio in Ghana represents a significant leap forward for our entertainment industry.

This studio shall be designed to attract international and continental filmmakers, providing them with the cutting-edge facilities and technology they need to produce world-class content.

The venture opens doors, and greater bargaining power for the creative industry, to partner with international distributors.

PUBLISHING

INTRODUCTION OF NEW PUBLISHING FRAMEWORK

We shall introduce a strong publishing framework to create pathways for Ghanaian creatives to enter international markets. This involves partnerships with global publishing houses, distributors, and digital platforms that have the reach and resources to promote Ghanaian content worldwide. The publishing framework also comes with the following benefits:

- **Catalogue Ownership:** We shall strengthen IP laws and enforcement mechanisms to ensure that creatives retain ownership of their work and are adequately compensated when it is used.
- **Royalties and Compensation:** The new framework shall establish transparent and efficient royalty collection and distribution systems that are in line with international standards. This extends to online content creators and includes monetization tools that allow them to generate income from their digital content.

ANTI-PIRACY MEASURES

Strong Anti-Piracy Measures:

In our commitment to safeguarding the rights and intellectual property of creatives across all mediums, we shall empower the National Communication Authority (NCA) with expanded authority and resources to monitor and regulate digital platforms to the highest standards of intellectual property protection.

ARTS & FASHION

BUILDING AN ULTRAMODERN ARTS GALLERY:

The New Force is committed to the vibrant intersection of arts and fashion as a means to preserve, celebrate, and innovate within our cultural heritage. To this end, we shall establish an ultramodern art gallery that serves as a cultural beacon, showcasing the richness of our artistic legacy.

Through curated exhibitions, artist collaborations, and international partnerships, the gallery becomes a hub for artistic exchange, bridging the gap between Ghanaian art and the global art community.



ARTS & FASHION

RESIDENCY PROGRAMS IN ARTS

As part of the ultramodern art gallery, we are introducing a comprehensive residency program to provide aspiring artists with the resources, mentorship, and exposure needed to develop their skills. This would develop fully-fledged and comprehensive creatives to feed the art gallery.

Reviving Ghana's Fashion and Garment Industry: Ghana is among the biggest importers of second-hand clothes in Africa. This situation has adverse effects on our fashion industry and must be reversed.

Through industrialization, we shall create the manufacturing and processing machinery to develop a thriving fashion industry. This ensures that our textiles and garments are produced in our country, contributing to the protection of our culture and intellectual property as well as the creation of jobs within the sector. Industrialization also gives us the power to control the distribution of our fashion products to other countries.

EQUITY EQUALITY EMPOWERMENT

Every individual deserves the opportunity to thrive, regardless of their background, gender, or circumstance.

We are here to foster a society where every voice, from the differently abled to the underprivileged is heard; where every talent is nurtured, and every dream has the chance to become a reality.

This is our commitment – to create a Ghana where equity, equality, and empowerment are the norms, paving the way for a country that is inclusive, just, and truly transformative.

Let us move forward with this vision, united in our resolve to build a brighter, more equitable future for all.






SCAN ME



IF YOU DON'T
DO SOMETHING,
SOMETHING WILL
DO SOMETHING
TO YOU!

—  #TheNewForce